

(20) a) $f(x) = \begin{cases} x+1 & x \leq 2 \\ k-x & x > 2 \end{cases}$
 f cont en $\mathbb{R} - \{2\}$
 En $x=2$
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} x+1 = 3$
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} k-x = k-2$
 $3 = k-2$
 $k = 5$
 $f(2) = 2+1 = 3$

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(21) $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2-1}{x-1} & x \neq 1 \\ k & x = 1 \end{cases}$
 f cont en $\mathbb{R} - \{1\}$
 En $x=1$
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2-1}{x-1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1)(x+1)}{x-1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (x+1) = 2$
 $f(1) = k$
 $k = 2$

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(22) $f(x) = \begin{cases} |x+2| & x < -1 \\ x^2 & -1 \leq x < 1 \\ 2x+1 & x > 1 \end{cases}$
 f cont en $\mathbb{R} - \{-1, 1\}$
 En $x=-1$
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} |x+2| = 1$
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} x^2 = 1$
 $f(-1) = 1$
 En $x=1$
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} x^2 = 1$
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} 2x+1 = 3$
 $f(1) = 3$
 D.I.S.F.
 S.O.L f cont $\mathbb{R} - \{-1, 1\}$
 En $x=1$ D.I.S.F.

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(23) $x = \text{no Unidades}$
 $C(x)$ cobra por "x Unidades" $C(x) = \begin{cases} 5x & 0 \leq x \leq 10 \\ \sqrt{ax^2+500} & x > 10 \end{cases}$
 a) Cont
 f cont $(0, +\infty) - \{10\}$
 En $x=10$
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 10^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 10^-} 5x = 50$
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 10^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 10^+} \sqrt{ax^2+500} = \sqrt{100a+500}$
 $f(10) = 50$
 $50 = \sqrt{100a+500}$
 $2500 = 100a+500$
 $a = 20$
 b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{C(x)}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{ax^2+500}}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{a}}{1} = \sqrt{a} = \sqrt{20} = 4.472$

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(24)

$t = \text{tempo (h)}$

$$T(t) \text{ Tamaño (micras)} \quad T(t) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{t+a} & t < 8 \\ -3 + \sqrt{3t-15} & t > 8 \end{cases}$$

a) CONT EN $X=8$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 8^-} T(t) = \lim_{t \rightarrow 8^-} \sqrt{t+a} = \sqrt{8+a}$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 8^+} T(t) = \lim_{t \rightarrow 8^+} \frac{-3 + \sqrt{3t-15}}{t-8} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 8^+} \frac{3t-15-9}{(t-8)(\sqrt{3t-15}+3)} = \frac{0}{0} \quad \lim_{t \rightarrow 8^+} \frac{3(t-8)}{t-8} = \frac{3}{1} = 3$$

$T(8) = 3$

$\sqrt{8+a} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow 8+a = \frac{1}{4} \quad a = -\frac{31}{4} \Rightarrow \text{D. Evitable}$

$\sqrt{8+a} \neq \frac{1}{2} \quad a \neq -\frac{31}{4} \quad \text{D.I.S. Fuñt}$

b) $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} T(t) = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-3 + \sqrt{3t-15}}{t-8} = \frac{\infty}{\infty} = 0$

Desaparece

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LIMITES CON VALORES ABSOLUTO

(25) $f(x) = \frac{|x|}{x+1} \quad |f(x)| = \begin{cases} f(x) & f(x) > 0 \\ -f(x) & f(x) < 0 \end{cases}$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{|x|}{x+1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x}{x+1} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{|x|}{x+1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{-x}{x+1} = -1$$

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(26)

2) $f(x) = |x-3| - |x|$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} [|x-3| - |x|] = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x-3-x = -3$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} [|x-3| - |x|] = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} -x+3-x = 3$$

(26) b) c) (27) (28) (215) (19)

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